

## Stat 342 Example 1

Suppose that  $(x, y)$  has a jointly continuous distribution (on  $[0, 1]^2$ ) with joint pdf

$$f(x, y) = (x+y) \mathbb{I} [0 \leq x \leq 1 \text{ and } 0 \leq y \leq 1] \\ = \begin{cases} x+y & \text{if } (x, y) \in [0, 1]^2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Then, for any  $x \in [0, 1]$

$$f(y|x) = \begin{cases} \frac{(x+y)}{\int_0^1 (x+y) dy} & \text{for } y \in [0, 1] \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ = \begin{cases} 2 \left( \frac{x+y}{2x+1} \right) & \text{for } y \in [0, 1] \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{So for } 0 \leq x \leq 1, E[y|x] = \int y f(y|x) dy \\ = \int_0^1 y (2) \left( \frac{x+y}{2x+1} \right) dy \\ \vdots \\ = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3x+2}{2x+1} \right)$$

So, the optimal predictor of  $y$  based on  $x$  under SEL is

$$\hat{y}^{\text{opt}} = E[y|x] = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{3x+2}{2x+1} \right)$$

It's also possible to find an AEL optimal predictor of  $y$  based on  $x$ . For this one needs the median of a conditional distribution of  $y|x$ . To this end, consider the conditional cdf of  $y|x$ . This is (for  $(x, y) \in [0, 1]^2$ )

$F(y|x) = \int_0^y 2 \left( \frac{x+t}{2x+1} \right) dt = \dots = \left( \frac{2}{2x+1} \right) \left( \frac{y^2}{2} + xy \right)$   
a quadratic function of  $y$ . The conditional median  
of  $y|x$ ,  $\tilde{y}(x)$ , solves

$$.5 = F(y|x) = \left( \frac{2}{2x+1} \right) \left( \frac{y^2}{2} + xy \right)$$

i.e.  $0 = y^2 + 2xy - (x + \frac{1}{2})$

Use of the quadratic formula and the fact that  
 $\tilde{y}$  must be positive to conclude that

$$\hat{y}^{\text{opt}}(x) = \tilde{y}(x) = -x + \sqrt{x^2 + (x + \frac{1}{2})^2}$$